BASIC	SCIENCE

Programme Name/s	: Automobile Engineering./ Artificial Intelligence/ Agricultural Engineering/ Artifici Automation and Robotics/ Cloud Computing and Big Data/ Civil Engineering/ Cher Computer Technology/ Computer Engineering/ Civil & Rural Engineering/ Constru Computer Science & Engineering/ Fashion & Clothing Technology/ Digital Electron Electrical Engineering/ Electronics & Tele-communication Engg./ Electrical and Ele Electronics & Communication Engg./ Electronics Engineering/ Food Technology/ Comp Instrumentation & Control/ Industrial Electronics/ Information Technology/ Comp Instrumentation/ Civil & Environmental Engineering/ Mechanical Engineering/ Mod Medical Electronics/ Production Engineering/ Printing Technology/ Polymer Techno Computer Science/ Textile Technology/ Electronics & Computer Engg./ Textile Man	ial Intelligence and Machine Learning/ mical Engineering/ tetion Technology/ tics/ Data Sciences/ ectronics Engineering/ Electrical Power System/ omputer Hardware & Maintenance/ uter Science & Information Technology/ cchatronics/ ology/ ufactures/
Programme Code	: AE/ AI/ AL/ AN/ AO/ BD/ CE/ CH/ CM/ CO/ CR/ CS/ CW/ DC/ DE/ DS/ EE/ EJ/ EK/ EP/ ET/ EX/ FC/ HA/ IC/ IE/ IF/ IH/ IS/ LE/ ME/ MK/ MU/ PG/ PN/ PO/ SE/ TC/ TE/ TX	
Semester	: First	
Course Title	: BASIC SCIENCE	
Course Code	: 311305	

## I. RATIONALE

Diploma engineers have to deal with various materials and machines. This course is designed with fundamental information to help the diploma engineering students to apply the basic concepts and principles of physics and chemistry to solve broad- based engineering problems. The basic concepts and principles of sciences related to heat, electricity, magnetism, optics, semiconductors, engineering materials will help in understanding the technology courses where emphasis is on the applications of these in various technology domain applications

### II. INDUSTRY / EMPLOYER EXPECTED OUTCOME

This course is to be taught and implemented with the aim to develop in the student, the course outcomes (COs) leading to the attainment of following industry identified outcome expected from this course: Apply principles of physics and chemistry to solve broad based relevant engineering problems.

## III. COURSE LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES (COS)

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

- CO1 Use basic instruments to measure the physical quantities in various engineering situations.
- CO2 Apply the basic principles of electromagnetics to solve given engineering problems.
- CO3 Apply basic principles of thermometry and fibre optics to solve engineering problems.
- CO4 Predict the structure, properties and behaviour of molecules and compounds based on the types of chemical bond.
- CO5 Apply the concepts of electrochemistry and corrosion preventive measures in industry.
- CO6 Use the appropriate engineering material and catalyst appropriately.

### **IV. TEACHING-LEARNING & ASSESSMENT SCHEME**

					Lear	ning Sc	heme						Assessme	nt Schem	e	1	1.1
Course	Course Title	4 h h	Course	Act	ual Con rs./Wee	tact k	1	1	Cuadita	Dente		Theory	,	Based of	on LL & TL	Based on	
Code	Course The	ADDr	Category/s				SLH	NLH	Creans	Paper				Pra	ctical	51	10tai Marke
			1.1.1	CL	TL	LL			No. 1	Duration	FA-TH	SA-TH	Total	FA-PR	SA-PR	SLA	iviai ks
			1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	· · ·			1.1			1 - E	Max	Max	Max Min	Max Mir	Max Min	Max Min	
311305	BASIC SCIENCE	BSC	DSC	4	1.1	4	2	10	5	1.5	30	70*#	100 40	50 20	50@ 20	50 20	250

Total IKS Hrs for Sem. : 4 Hrs

Abbreviations: CL- ClassRoom Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL-Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA Summative assessment, IKS - Indian Knowledge System, SLA - Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, \*# On Line Examination , @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note :

- 1. FA-TH represents average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the semester.
- 2. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in FA-PR of any course then the candidate shall be declared as "Detained" in that semester.
- 3. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in SLA of any course then the candidate shall be declared as fail and will have to repeat and resubmit SLA work. 4. Notional Learning hours for the semester are (CL+LL+TL+SL)hrs.\* 15 Weeks
- 5. 1 credit is equivalent to 30 Notional hrs.
- 6. \* Self learning hours shall not be reflected in the Time Table.
- 7. \* Self learning includes micro project / assignment / other activities.

• Candidate remaining absent in practical examination of any one part of Basic Science course i.e. Physics, Chemistry will be declare as Absent in Mark List and has to appear for examination. The marks of the part for which candidate was present will not be processed or carried forward.

### V. THEORY LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ALIGNED COURSE CONTENT

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
	TLO 1.1 Explain physical quantities and its		
	types with examples.		
	TLO 1.2 Differentiate between scalar and	Unit - I Units and Measurements	
1.1	vector quantities with examples.	1.1 Unit, physical quantities: fundamental and derived quantities and their units	
-	TLO 1.3 Apply dimensional analysis to	Systems of units: CGS, MKS and SI.	
	check correctness of equation and	1.2 Scalar and Vector Physical Quantities.	
	conversion of units in different systems .	1.3 Dimensions, dimensional formula , Applications of dimensional analysis;	Chalk and board Improved lecture. Tutorial
1	TLO 1.4 Estimate the errors in the	correctness of physical equations ,conversion factor for interconversion of units in	Assignment Demonstration
	measurement for the give problem.	different systems of units.	Assignment Demonstration
	TLO 1.5 Explain the working of ancient	1.4 Errors, types of errors: instrumental, systematic and random error, estimation of	
	astronomical instruments to measure	errors: absolute, relative and percentage error, significant figures.	
	distance, time and hour angle.	1.5 Ancient astronomical instruments: Chakra, Dhanuryatra, Yasti and Phalaka yantra.	
	TLO 1.6 Explain the procedure of	1.6 Applications of Vernier calipers, Screw gauge.	
5.0	measuring the dimension of a given object		
1	by using vernier calipers and screw gauge .		

**Theory Learning Outcomes** Sr.No Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's. Suggested Learning Pedagogies. (TLO's)aligned to CO's. TLO 2.1 Explain electric field, potential and Unit - II Electricity, Magnetism and Semiconductors potential difference. 2.1 Concept of charge, Coulomb's inverse square law, Electric field, Electric field TLO 2.2 Explain magnetic intensity and flux intensity, potential and potential difference. with their units. 2.2 Magnetic field and magnetic field intensity and its units, magnetic lines of force, TLO 2.3 Apply laws of series and parallel magnetic flux . combination to the given electrical Chalk and board Improved lecture, Tutorial 2.3 Electric current, Ohm's law, specific resistance, laws of series and parallel 2 circuits.Explain the heating effect of electric Assignment Demonstration Educational combination of resistance, conversion of galvanometer into ammeter and voltmeter, Games current. Heating effect of electric current. TLO 2.4 Distinguish between conductors, 2.4 Conductors, Insulators and Semiconductors, Energy bands, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors and insulators on the basis semiconductors, minority and majority charge carriers. of energy bands. 2.5 p-n junction diode, Depletion layer I-V characteristics of p-n junction, static and TLO 2.5 Explain the I-V characteristics and dynamic resistance, applications of p-n junction diode ,: Half wave rectifier. applications of p-n junction diode. **Unit - III Thermometry and Fiber Optics** TLO 3.1 Convert temperature in different temperature scales. 3.1 Heat, temperature, temperature scale: Degree Celsius, degree Kelvin, degree TLO 3.2 Compare different modes of heat Fahrenheit. transfer with examples. 3.2 Modes of heat transfer: Conduction, Convection and Radiation, Applications in TLO 3.3 Inter-relate the characteristics of daily life Chalk and board Improved lecture, Tutorial 3.3 Boyle's law, Charle's law, Gay Lussac's law, perfect gas statements equations and the three gas laws. 3 Assignment Demonstration Flip classroom TLO 3.4 Inter-relate the characteristics of simple numerical. Educational Games the three gas laws. 3.4 Law of thermal conductivity ,Newton's law of cooling. TLO 3.5 Explain total internal reflection in 3.5 Law of refraction, total internal reflection. 3.6 Optical fibber: Principle, construction and working Types of Optical fibers; Single optical fiber. TLO 3.6 Differentiate between types optical mode step index, Multimode step index, Multimode graded index Applications of fibber with applications. optical fibers Unit - IV Chemical bonding TLO 4.1 Explain the properties of given 4.1 Indian Chemistry:-Philosophy of atom by Acharya Kanad. material based on the bond formation. 4.2 Electronic theory of valency: Assumptions , Chemical bonds: Types and TLO 4.2 Describe the molecular structure of characteristics of electrovalent bond, covalent bond, coordinate bond, hydrogen bond, given solid, liquid and gases Simulation, Model Display, Demonstration metallic bond and Intermolecular forces of attraction. TLO 4.3 Describe the crystal structure of the Chalk and board , PPT, ect 4.3 Molecular arrangement in solid, liquid and gases. given solids. 4.4 Structure of solids: crystalline and amorphous solids ,Properties of metallic solid, TLO 4.4 Explain Properties of metallic Unit cell: simple cubic, body center cubic (BCC), face centre cubic (FCC), hexagonal solid. close pack crystals. Unit - V Electro chemistry and Metal Corrosion, its prevent ion 5.1 Electrolyte- Types of electrolyte, ionization and dissociation ,Cathode, Anode, TLO 5.1 Describe mechanism of electrolysis of CuSO4 solution by using cu and pt rods Electrode potential: oxidation and reduction, Mechanism of electrolysis :Electrolysis, TLO 5.2 Solve numerical based on Electrochemical series for cations and anions. Mechanism of electrolysis of CuSO4 Faraday's first and second law of solution 5.2 Faraday's laws of electrolysis: Faraday's first and second law, relation between electrolysis. TLO 5.3 Distinguish between primary and electrochemical equivalent and chemical equivalent, Numerical. Applications of Simulation, Demonstration, Flipped electrolysis: Electro-refining of copper and Electroplating. secondary cell Classroom, Collaborative Learning, Case 5 TLO 5.4 Describe the phenomenon of the 5.3 Difference between primary and secondary cell. Study, On-site/Industrial Visit ,chalk and given type of corrosion and its prevention. 5.4 Corrosion: Definition and Types of corrosion Dry corrosion: Mechanism, Types of board etc. TLO 5.5 Identify the different factors oxide film, Wet corrosion :Mechanism hydrogen evolution in acidic medium, oxygen affecting rate of corrosion for the given type absorption in neutral or alkaline medium ,Galvanic cell action by Daniel cell. 5.5 Factors affecting the rate of corrosion. of material. TLO 5.6 Select the protective measures to 5.6 Corrosion control: Modification of environment, Use of protective coatings, coating prevent the corrosion in the given corrosive of less active metal like Tin (Tinning), coating of more active metal like Zinc (Galvanizing), Anodic and cathodic protection, Choice of material-using pure metal medium. and using metal alloy TLO 6.1 Identify the ingredients of the given paints. **Unit - VI Engineering Materials and Catalysis** TLO 6.2 List out salient properties of the 6.1 Paints: Purposes of applying paint, Characteristics of paints, Ingredients of paints, given paint and varnish. Function and examples of each ingredient. TLO 6.3 Describe the properties of 6.2 Varnish: Types, Difference between paint and varnishes. insulating materials for the given 6.3 Insulators: Characteristics, Classification, Properties and Application of Glass wool application. Thermocol. TLO 6.4 Differentiate the given types of 6.4 Polymer and Monomer : Classification on the basis of Molecular structure, on the basis of monomers (homo polymer and copolymer), on the basis of Thermal structural polymers Simulation, Demonstration, On-site Visit TLO 6.5 Describe the polymerization behavior(Thermoplastics and Thermosetting). ,Chalk and Board, etc. 6.5 Types Polymerization Reaction, Addition Polymerization, Condensation process of the given polymer. TLO 6.6 Explain the properties and uses of Polymerization, Synthesis, properties and application of Polyethylene, Polyvinyl chloride, Teflon, Polystyrene, Phenol formaldehyde, Epoxy Resin. the given polymer, elastomer and adhesive. TLO 6.7 Describe the application of relevant 6.6 Adhesives: Characteristics, Classification and their uses adhesives required for the given material. 6.7 Lubricants: Classification, properties and Applications. TLO 6.8 Suggest the lubricant for various 6.8 Catalysis: Types of catalysis homocatalysis ,heterocatalysis . types of machines in industry. 6.9 Catalyst: Types of Catalyst Positive, Negative and Auto-catalyst, Catalytic TLO 6.9 Select the relevant catalyst for Promoter and Catalytic inhibitor, Industrial application of catalyst. given application.

## VI. LABORATORY LEARNING OUTCOME AND ALIGNED PRACTICAL / TUTORIAL EXPERIENCES.

Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Sr No	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
LLO 1.1 Use Vernier caliper to : Measure dimensions of given objects. Measure the dimensions of objects of known dimensions. LLO 1.2 Estimate the errors in measurement.	1	Measurements of dimensions of given object by Vernier caliper.	2	CO1
LLO 2.1 Use Micrometer Screw gauge to: Measure dimensions of given objects. Measure the dimensions of objects of known dimensions. LLO 2.2 Estimate the errors in measurement.	2	Measurements of dimensions of given objects by micrometer screw gauge.	2	CO1
LLO 3.1 Apply Ohm's law to solve circuit problems.	3	Determination of resistance by Ohm's law.	2	CO2
LLO 4.1 Determine the specific resistance of given wire.	4	Determination of specific resistance of given wire.	2	CO2
LLO 5.1 Verify law of series connection of resistors.	5	Determination of equivalent resistance in series connection of resistors.	2	CO2
LLO 6.1 Verify law of parallel connection of resistors.	6	Determination of equivalent resistance in parallel connection of resistors.	2	CO2
LLO 7.1 Use magnetic compass to draw the magnetic lines of forces of magnet of different shapes and determine neutral points.	7	Determination of neutral points by magnetic compass.	2	CO2

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Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Sr No	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
LLO 8.1 Use P -N junction diode to draw forward bias and reverse bias I-V characteristics LLO 8.2 Find out static and dynamic resistance of given P N junction diode	8	Determination of static and dynamic resistance of given P N junction diode.	2	CO2
LLO 9.1 Determine forbidden energy band gap in semiconductors	9	Determination of forbidden energy band gap in semiconductors.	2	CO2
LLO 10.1 Use Joule's calorimeter to determine Joule's mechanical equivalent of heat	10	Determination of Joule's mechanical equivalent of heat by Joule's law.	2	CO3
LLO 11.1 Determine the pressure-volume relation using Boyle's law	11	Determination of pressure-volume relation using Boyle's law.	2	CO3
LLO 12.1 Use Newton's law of cooling to determine the rate of heat loss due to convection phenomena	12	Determination of the rate of heat loss due to convection by Newton's law of cooling.	2	CO3
LLO 13.1 Use Searle's thermal conductivity apparatus to find coefficient of thermal conductivity of given material (Virtual Lab)	13	Determination of Coefficient of thermal conductivity.	2	CO3
LLO 14.1 Determine the refractive index of glass slab using TIR phenomenon.	14	Determination of the refractive index of glass slab.	2	CO3
LLO 15.1 Determine the Numerical Aperture (NA) of a given step index optical fibre	15	Determination of the Numerical Aperture (NA) of a given step index optical fiber.	2	CO3
LLO 16.1 Identify cation in given ionic solutions by performing selective test	16	Identification of cation in given ionic solutions.	2	CO4
LLO 17.1 Identify anion in given ionic solutions by performing selective test	17	Identification of anion in given ionic solutions.	2	CO4
LLO 18.1 Identify states of matter of materials by using simulation. by Appling heating and cooling Techniques. LLO 18.2 Relate temperature-pressure diagram	18	Identification of states of matter.	2	CO4
LLO 19.1 Determine the electrode potential of copper metal. by setting Electrochemical Cell LLO 19.2 Measure electrode potential of Cu Using Voltmeter. LLO 19.3 Measure the cell potential for various conditions.	19	Determination of electrode potential of copper.	2	CO5
LLO 20.1 Determine the electrode potential of Iron metal. by setting Electrochemical Cell LLO 20.2 Measure electrode potential of Fe Using Voltmeter LLO 20.3 Measure the cell potential for various conditions.	20	Determination of electrode potential of Iron metal.	2	CO5
LLO 21.1 Determine the voltage generated from chemical reaction using Daniel Cell. LLO 21.2 Set up Daniel Cell. Prepare Electrolyte Solution LLO 21.3 Measure voltage accurately	21	Determination of the voltage generated from chemical reaction using Daniel Cell.	2	CO5
LLO 22.1 Prepare Electrolyte Solution of CuSO 4 of known concentration LLO 22.2 Set up electrolysis apparatus LLO 22.3 Control various parameters of electrolysis. LLO 22.4 Determine electrochemical equivalent of Cu metal using Faraday's first law.	22	Determination of electrochemical equivalent of Cu metal using Faraday's first law.	2	CO5
LLO 23.1 Prepare Electrolyte Solution of the given metal of known concentration LLO 23.2 Set up electrolysis apparatus LLO 23.3 Control various parameters of electrolysis LLO 23.4 Analyze the data obtained from the experiment. LLO 23.5 Verify Faraday second law	23	Determination of equivalent weight of metal using Faraday's second law.	2	CO5
LLO 24.1 Prepare corrosive solutions LLO 24.2 Determine the extent of corrosion.	24	Preparation of corrosive medium for Aluminium at different temperature.	2	CO5
LLO 25.1 Prepare corrosive solutions. LLO 25.2 Determine the extent of corrosion LLO 25.3 Compare the corrosion behaviour of Aluminum at different temperatures.	25	Determination of rate of corrosion at different temperatures for Aluminium.	2	CO5
LLO 26.1 Determine the effect of temperature on viscosity for given lubricating oil using Redwood viscometer-	26	Determination of effect of temperature on viscosity for given lubricating oil using Redwood viscometer-I.	2	CO6
LLO 27.1 Determine the steam emulsification number of given lubricating oil. LLO 27.2 Measure the steam flow duration	27	Determination of the steam emulsification number of given lubricating oil.	2	CO6
LLO 28.1 Calculate the flash and fire point of given lubricating oils using Cleveland open cup apparatus	28	Determination of flash and fire point of given lubricating oils using Cleveland open cup apparatus.	2	CO6
LLO 29.1 Determine the flash point of given lubricating oil using Abel's closed cup apparatus.	29	Determination of flash point of given lubricating oil using Abel's closed cup apparatus.	2	CO6
LLO 30.1 Determine thinner content in oil paint. using electric oven	30	Determination of thinner content in oil paint.	2	CO6

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• '\*' Marked Practicals (LLOs) Are mandatory.

Minimum 80% of above list of lab experiment are to be performed.

Judicial mix of LLOs are to be performed to achieve desired outcomes.

## VII. SUGGESTED MICRO PROJECT / ASSIGNMENT/ ACTIVITIES FOR SPECIFIC LEARNING / SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (SELF LEARNING)

## Micro project

- Series and parallel resistances: Prepare models for combination of series and parallel resistances.
- Magnetic flux: Prepare models to demonstrate magnetic lines of lines of forces of different types of magnet.
- Vernier Calipers: Prepare prototype vernier caliper of desired least.count using card sheet.
- Conductivity: Collect different materials such as metal, plastics, glass etc. and prepare models.
- Gas laws: Prepare models to demonstrate Boyle's laws, Charle's Law and Gay Lussac's law using household objects.
- Carbon resistors: Determine the resistance and tolerance of carbon resistors using color codes and measure values.
- Thermal conductivity: Take different metallic plates of various metals and calculate rate of flow of heat. Temperature sensor : Use Temperature sensor IC LM 35 to measure temperature of given body in various temperature scales
- Mobile applications : Use mobile applications for measurements of different physical quantities
- Optical Fiber and TIR: Prepare model to demonstrate total internal reflection and the propagation of light.
- Convert given galvanometer into ammeter of desired range.
- Convert given galvanometer into voltmeter of desired range.
- LDR: Use Light dependent resistor for measuring the intensity of light. Types of bonds: Prepare chart and models displaying different types of bonds with examples.
- Prepare a chart for showing different types of bonds or molecules.
- Crystal Structure: Prepare Models of SC,FCC,HCP,BCC.
- Ionization: Prepare chart displaying ionization phenomenon.
- Corrosion-Prepare Chart displaying images of observed corrosion processes in the surrounding.
- Adhesives: Prepare chart or model to demonstrate the applications of various adhesives.
- Polymer: Collect the samples of different polymers and list their uses.
- Collect information based on market survey of different Polymer and compare the following points. i) Structure ii) Properties.
- Collect information by library survey regarding engineering material used in various industries.

Assignment

### BASIC SCIENCE

Convert the units of a given physical quantity from one system of units to another.

- Measure room temperature of hot baths / bodies by using mercury thermometer and convert it into different scales.
  Preserve a short to summerize units and measurements.
- Prepare a chart to summarize units and measurements
- Enlist information like band gap, material used, dimension etc about different semiconductor devices.
- Give details about the explanation of concept like electrostatics, magnetic domain, current electricity.
- Demonstrate the variation of angle of refraction with respect to refractive index using online tools.
- Use a digital vernier caliper and micrometer screw gauge for measurements.(lab-based). Applications of optical fibers in civil, mechanical, electrical engineering etc.
- Applications of semiconductors in civil, mechanical, electrical engineering etc.
- Explain covalent bond, ionic bond, coordinate bond, hydrogen bond, intermolecular forces
- Draw Crystal structures of SC, BCC, FCC, HCP.
- Distinguish between paints and varnishes.
- Solve numerical based on Faraday's first and second law of electrolysis.
- Enlist various Adhesives with properties and applications.
- Compare between Thermoplastics and Thermosetting.
- State properties and applications thermocol and glass wool.
- Differentiate the given types of structural polymers and list out their applications.
- Demonstrate Mechanism of wet corrosion by waterline corrosion.
- Prepare chart showing mechanism of electrolysis of CuSO4 solution by using Cu and Pt electrodes.
- Write properties and applications of solid, semisolid and liquid lubricant.

## Note :

- Above is just a suggestive list of microprojects and assignments; faculty must prepare their own bank of microprojects, assignments, and activities in a similar way.
- The faculty must allocate judicial mix of tasks, considering the weaknesses and / strengths of the student in acquiring the desired skills.
- If a microproject is assigned, it is expected to be completed as a group activity.
- SLA marks shall be awarded as per the continuous assessment record.
- For courses with no SLA component the list of suggestive microprojects / assignments/ activities are optional, faculty may encourage students to perform these tasks for enhanced learning experiences.

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• If the course does not have associated SLA component, above suggestive listings is applicable to Tutorials and maybe considered for FA-PR evaluations.

### VIII. LABORATORY EQUIPMENT / INSTRUMENTS / TOOLS / SOFTWARE REQUIRED

Sr.No	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Relevant LLO Number
1	Vernier Calipers: Range : 0-150mm , Resolution: 0.1mm	1
2	Joule's calorimeter : well insulated "mechanical equivalent of heat apparatus" in wooden box, , digital / analog thermometer,	10,12
3	Boyle's apparatus: U tube manometer , barometer	11
4	Ammeter 0-2 amp voltmeter-0-5v DC	19,20,21,22,23
5	Electronic balance, with the scale range of 0.001g to 500gm pan size 100 mm; response time 3-5 sec.: power requirement 90-250 V, 10 watt	19,20,21,22,23,24,25,30
6	Micrometer screw gauge : Range : 0-25mm, Resolution: 0.01mm, Accuracy ±0.02mm or better	2
7	Redwood viscometer-I	26
8	Cleveland open cup apparatus	28
9	Abel's close cup apparatus	29
10	Digital multimeter : 3 1/2 digit display, 9999 counts, digital multimeter measures: Vac, Vdc (1000V max), DC A, AC A(10 amp max), Resistance (0 - 100 MOhm	3,4,5,6
11	Resistance Box: 4 decade ranges from 1 ohm to 1K,accuracy 0.1 % - 1 %	3,4,5,6
12	Battery eliminator : 0- 12 V ,2A	3,4,5,6,8,9,10,12
13	Electric oven inner size 18"x18"x18"; temperature range 100 to 2500 C. with the capacity of 40 lt.	30

## IX. SUGGESTED WEIGHTAGE TO LEARNING EFFORTS & ASSESSMENT PURPOSE (Specification Table)

Sr.No	Unit	Unit Title	Aligned COs	Learning Hours	R-Level	U-Level	A-Level	Total Marks
1	Ī	Units and Measurements	CO1	7	2	3	4	9
2	II	Electricity, Magnetism and Semiconductors	CO2	13	3	5	6	14
3	III	Thermometry and Fiber Optics	CO3	10	2	4	6	12
4	IV	Chemical bonding	CO4	6	2	3	4	9
5	V	Electro chemistry and Metal Corrosion, its prevent ion	CO5	12	3	4	5	12
6	VI	Engineering Materials and Catalysis	CO6	12	3	5	6	14
		Grand Total		60	15	24	31	70

### X. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES/TOOLS

#### Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

- Two unit tests of 30 marks (Physics 15 marks, Chemistry-15 marks) and average of two unit tests.
- For laboratory learning 50 marks (Physics 25 marks, Chemistry-25 marks).

### Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

• End semester assessment of 50 marks for laboratory learning (Physics 25 marks, Chemistry-25 marks).

End semester assessment of 70 marks through online MCQ examination.

### XI. SUGGESTED COS - POS MATRIX FORM

Course	Programme Outcomes (POs)									pecific PSOs)
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO- 3
CO1	3	1		2		1	1			
CO2	3	1		2	1.5	. 1	1			199
CO3	3	1		2	1	1	1			
CO4	3	2			2	$\mathbf{O}_{1}$	1			
CO5	3	2		.1	2		1			
CO6	3	2			2	1	1	1	11 C	
Legends :- Hig *PSOs are to b	h:03, Medium:02,Low: be formulated at institute	01, No Mappin level	ng: -			S			171	

## XII. SUGGESTED LEARNING MATERIALS / BOOKS

Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number
MSBTE App	proval Dt. 01/10/2024		Semester - 1, K Scheme

BASI	C SCIENCE		Course Code : 311305
Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number
1	Narlikar J. V. ;Joshi , A. W.; Mathur , Anuradha ; et al	Physics Textbook Part I - Class XI	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN : 8174505083
2	Narlikar, J.V.;Joshi , A. W.; Mathur , Anuradha ; et al	Physics Textbook Part II - Class XI	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN : 8174505660
3	Narlikar J.V.;Joshi , A. W.; Ghatak A.K. et al	Physics Textbook Part I - Class XII	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN : 8174506314
4	Narlikar, J.V.;Joshi , A. W.; Ghatak A.K. et al	Physics Textbook Part II - Class XII	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN : 8174506713
5	Haliday, David; Resnik, Robert and Walker, Jearl	Fundamentals of Physics	John Wiley & sons, Hoboken, USA, 2014 ISBN : 812650823X
6	Jain and Jain	Engineering Chemistry	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN : 8174505083
7	Dara S. S.	Engineering Chemistry	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN : 8174505660
8	Bagotsky V.S.	Fundamental of electrochemistry	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN : 8174506314
9	Jain and Jain	Engineering Chemistry	National Council of Education Research and Training, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN : 8174506713
10	Aryabhatta.	The Surya Siddhanta	Baptist Mission press ,Calcutta
11	Steeramula Rajeswara Sarma	The Archaic And The Exotic : Studies In The History Of Indian Astronomical Instruments	Published by Manohar Book Service, 2008 ISBN 10: 8173045712 / ISBN 13: 9788173045714
12	Anju Rawlley,Devdatta V. Saraf	Applied Chemistry with Lab Manual	Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) Ltd. New Delhi, 2021, ISBN- 978- 93-91505-44-8
13	Dr. Hussain Jeevakhan	Applied Physics - II	Khanna Book Publishing, (2021), ISBN: 978-93-91505-57-8

# XIII . LEARNING WEBSITES & PORTALS

Link / Portal	Description
www.sciencejoywagon.com/physicszone	Electricity, Magnetism and Semiconductors, basic of fiber optics
https://phet.colorado.edu	Electricity, Magnetism and Semiconductors ,Thermometry and basic of fiber optics
www.physicsclassroom.com	concepts of basic physics
http://nptel.ac.in/course.php?disciplineId=104	concepts of basic physics
http://hperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hph.html	concepts of basic physics
https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=amruta+universi ty+physics+expts	concepts of basic physics
k. https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=physics+clas s+11+chapter+1	concepts of basic physics
1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zRGh9_a1J7s	concepts of basic physics
https://iksindia.org	IKS physics
www.chem1.com	Chemistry instruction and education
ww.onlinelibrary.wiley.com	Materials and corrosion
www.rsc.org	Catalysis
www.chemcollective.org	Virtual Labs, simulation
https://www.ancient-origins.net/history-famous-people/indian -sage-acharya-kanad-001399	IKS Philosophy of atom by Acharya Kanad.
https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=che	Identify states of matter of materials by using simulation.
	Link / Portal        www.sciencejoywagon.com/physicszone        https://phet.colorado.edu        www.physicsclassroom.com        http://nptel.ac.in/course.php?disciplineId=104        http://hperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hph.html        https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=amruta+universi        ty+physics+expts        k. https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=physics+clas        s+11+chapter+1        l. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zRGh9_a1J7s        https://iksindia.org        www.chem1.com        www.ohem2.com        www.rsc.org        www.chemcollective.org        https://www.ancient-origins.net/history-famous-people/indian        -sage-acharya-kanad-001399        https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=che

• Teachers are requested to check the creative common license status/financial implications of the suggested online educational resources before use by the students

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